PARSONS

Technology Opportunities SWPF Integration

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Technology Opportunities - SWPF Integration (cont'd)

- Proactive technology development integration between DOE, Parsons, SRR and SRNL has led to technical innovations at SWPF that
 - > Demonstrate plant safety
 - > Enhance plant availability
 - Increase plant throughput
 - > No open technical issues



SWPF Integration: Demonstrate SWPF Safety

- Full scale/large scale Air Pulse Agitator (APA) testing demonstrated safe and effective operational performance
 - > DNFSB closed all SWPF mixing questions in December 2013 report to Congress
 - > SRNL rheology measurements established key physical parameters supporting APA testing





SWPF Integration: Enhance SWPF Availability

- Bi-Monthly Technology Exchange meetings between DOE, Parsons, SRR and SRNL have facilitated beneficial lessons learned
- Several lessons learned have been incorporated into the SWPF design to improve plant availability and maintainability



- Strip Effluent Coalescer Pumps: Enables facility to extend operations in the event of increased coalesce differential pressure to preclude unplanned maintenance down-time (MCU lesson learned)
- Strip Effluent Hold Tank Recirculation Lines: Enables rapid recovery from unplanned high solvent carryover event to avoid protracted removal evolutions (MCU lesson learned)
- CSSX Contactor Vent Flush Capability: Enables full flushing of cesium carryover into the CSSX vent lines to preclude protracted evolutions to install temporary shielding thereby minimizing maintenance down-time (MCU lesson learned)



- Full scale cold CSSX testing by Parsons of baseline solvent has demonstrated throughput capacity up to 9Mgal/yr vs. baseline of 6Mgal/yr
- Identified hydraulic operational parameters necessary to achieve stability at 100% of contactor rated flow







- Full scale cold CSSX testing by Parsons of enhanced Next Generation Solvent (NGS) demonstrated potential throughput capacity up to 12 Mgal/yr
- Higher solubility of NGS extractant allows less solvent to achieve require decontamination, thereby facilitating more waste throughput
- ORNL and SRNL fundamental development efforts on NGS enabled this significant enhancement
- DOE currently exploring NGS deployment alternatives for SWPF





SWPF Integration: Increase SWPF Throughput (cont'd)





- Full scale cold CSSX testing by Parsons of High Molarity Salt Feed demonstrated potential effective throughput capacity up to 15+ Mgal/yr
- DOE-SR recommended and supported testing of salt feed at higher feed concentrations
- Higher feed concentration increases effective throughput, decreases upstream blending requirements and decreases downstream grout vault storage volumes





- Hot pilot operations by SRR at MCU have demonstrated the operability and effectiveness of both the baseline solvent and NGS
- Decontamination factor performance of both baseline solvent and NGS has exceeded expectations



SWPF Integration: Keystone to Unique Success Opportunity at SRS

- The SRS site is poised for success with a complete Liquid Waste solution path
- DOE-SR has established a sound and integrated clean-up strategy
- SCDHEC has established a reasonable and predictable regulatory framework for executing cleanup work
- SRR has demonstrated the capability to clean and close tanks, prepare and make glass at high capacity, and safely prepare and transfer waste feeds
- SRNL has supported success through technology innovation, technology deployment, and operations optimization
- Parsons is ready to deliver the technically mature and high capacity SWPF that is the keystone to the next major DOE-EM clean-up success