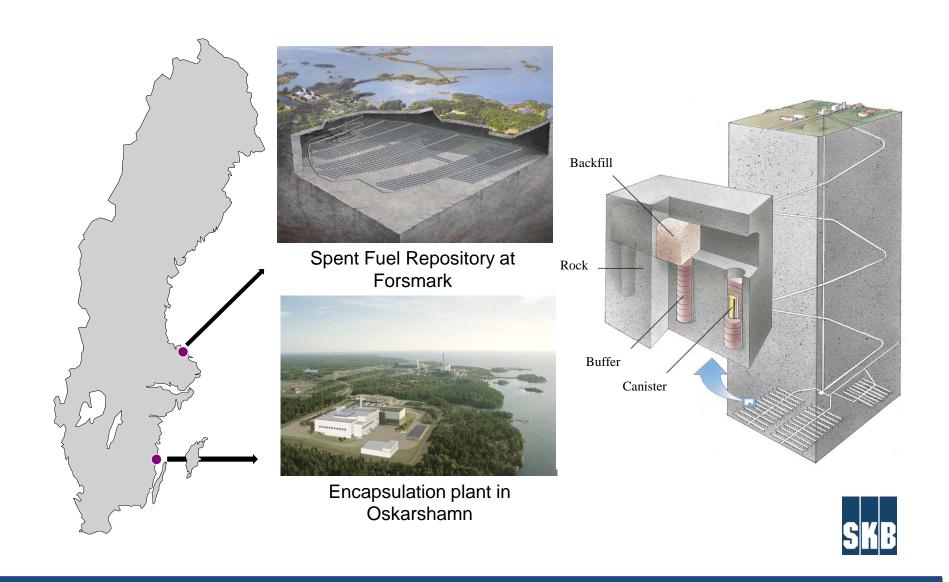


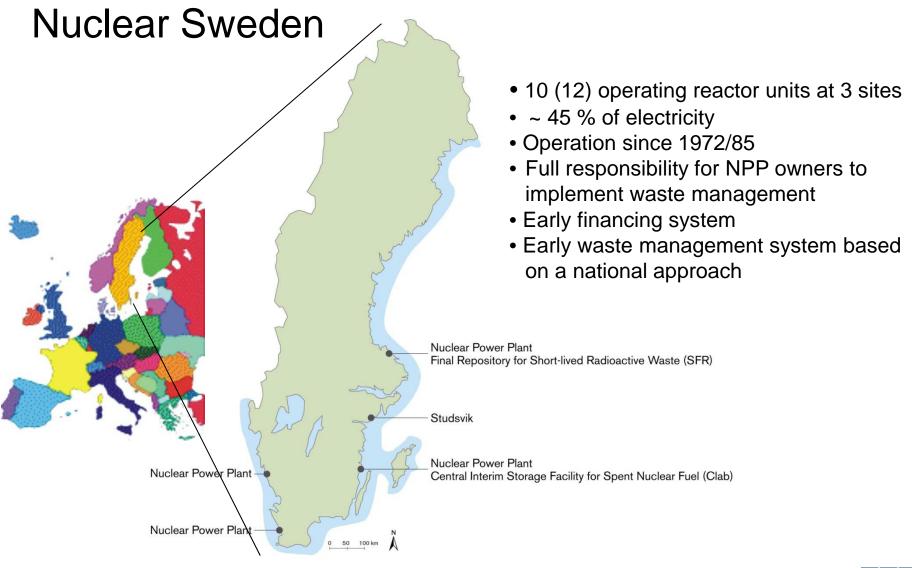
Achievements and Current Challenges for the Swedish Waste Management Program

Christopher Eckerberg
President

Swedish Nuclear Fuel and Waste Management Corporation

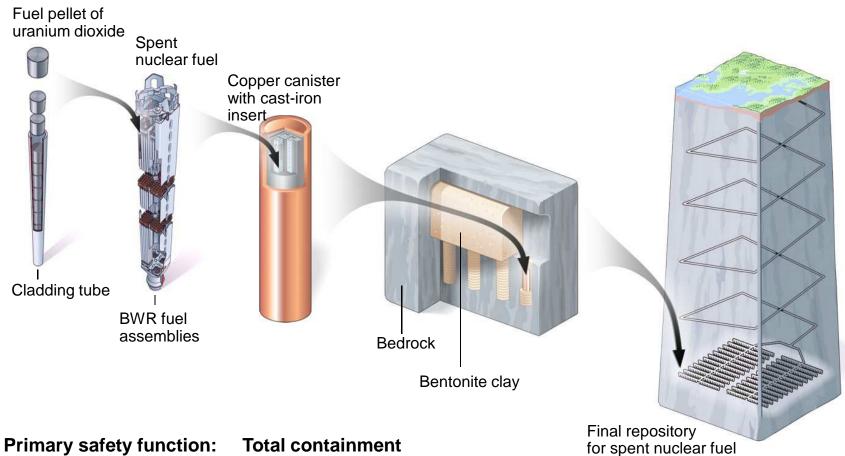
License application submitted March 2011





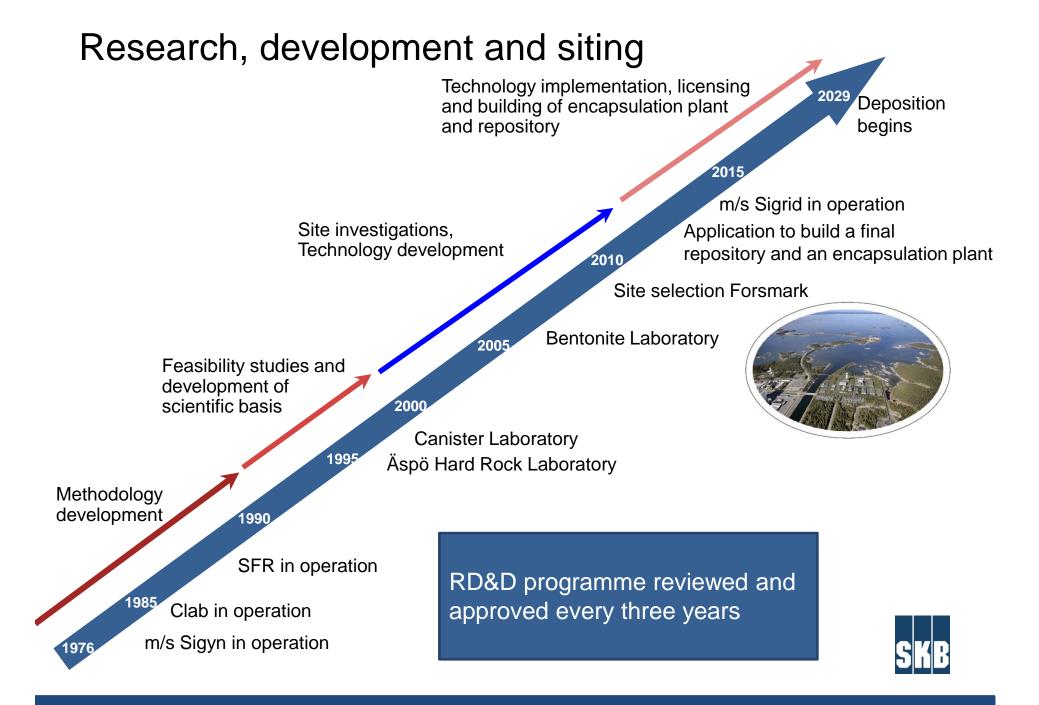


The KBS-3 method for disposal of spent nuclear fuel

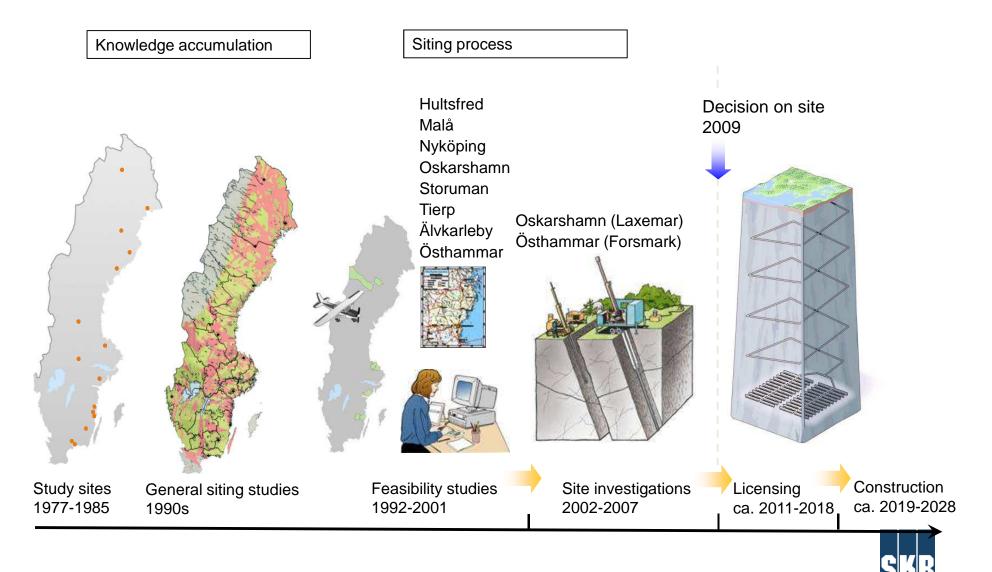


Secondary safety function: Retardation





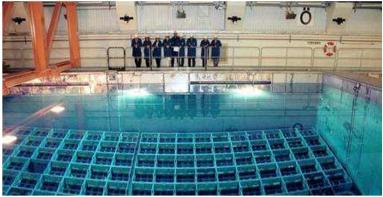
Siting of the repository for spent nuclear fuel



Public consultation and involvement

- key to success
 - Broad national information
 - Focused dialogue with potential local communities
- Strong local involvement of SKB and municipalities
- Ear-marked funding for municipality involvement











Factors for success

- Clear responsibilities for implementation and financing
- Scientific/Engineering approach
- Trustworthy regulator
- Strong public involvement
- Close cooperation with local municipalities







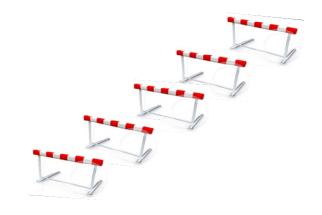


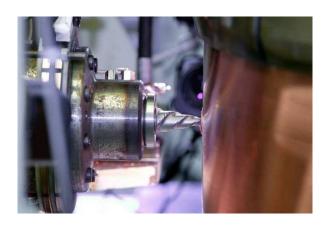




Remaining challenges

- Licensing and accepting a First of a Kind facility
- Going from theory to practice Industrialization
- Keeping public confidence











In summary

- KBS-3 concept mature for licensing
- Result of 40 years of dedicated goal-oriented RD&D performed in a cost-effective way
- Responsibility to implement lies with the waste producers. Complete the work by the generation benefitting from the electricity
- Challenges remain for licensing, industrialization and public acceptance
- Key factors for success:
 - Solid scientific foundation
 - Applied technology
 - Public acceptance





More details in coming presentations

Thank you for your attention



