

Strategy for the Management and Disposal of Used Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste

Dr. Peter Lyons

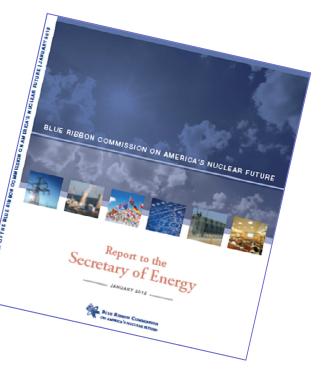
Assistant Secretary for Nuclear Energy U.S. Department of Energy

> Waste Management 2013 Session Number 118 Phoenix, Arizona February 28, 2013



Blue Ribbon Commission Recommendations

- 1. A new, consent-based approach to siting future nuclear waste management facilities.
- 2. A new organization dedicated solely to implementing the waste management program and empowered with the authority and resources to succeed.
- 3. Access to the funds nuclear utility ratepayers are providing for the purpose of nuclear waste management.
- 4. Prompt efforts to develop one or more geologic disposal facilities.
- 5. Prompt efforts to develop one or more consolidated storage facilities.
- 6. Prompt efforts to prepare for the eventual large-scale transport of spent nuclear fuel and high-level waste to consolidated storage and disposal facilities when such facilities become available.
- 7. Support for continued U.S. innovation in nuclear energy technology and for workforce development.
- 8. Active U.S. leadership in international efforts to address safety, waste management, non-proliferation, and security concerns.





Nuclear Energy

Secretary of Energy Dr. Steven Chu Statement on the BRC Recommendations



The Department recognizes that the BRC Report represents "a critical step toward finding a sustainable approach to disposing used nuclear fuel and nuclear waste".

The Department acknowledges that "the specifics of a new strategy for managing our nation's used nuclear fuel will need to be addressed in partnership with Congress".

The Department *"will work in parallel to begin implementing the new strategy"* by taking sensible steps toward the implementation of near-term recommendations.



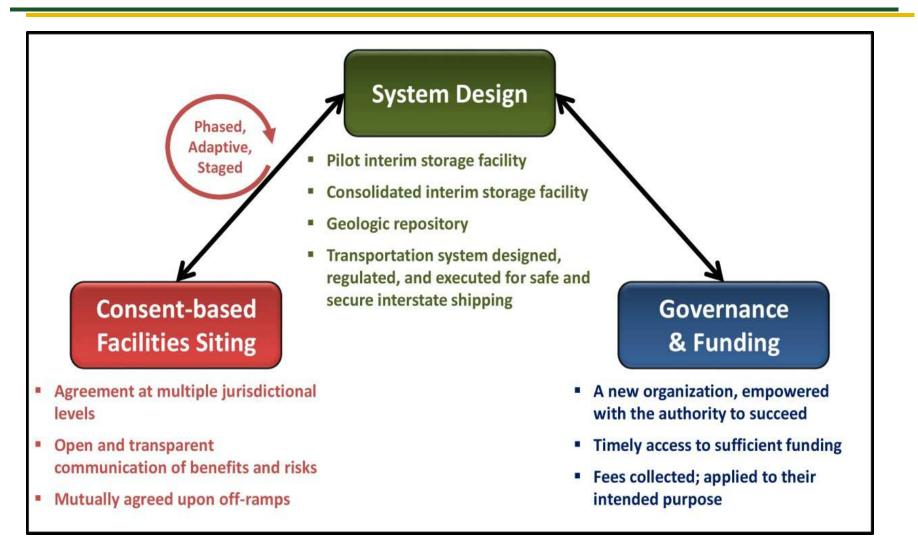
Nuclear Energy

Summary of the Administration's UNF and HLW Strategy

- Statement of Administration policy regarding the importance of addressing the disposition of used nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste
- Response to the final report and recommendations made by the Blue Ribbon Commission on America's Nuclear Future
- Initial basis for discussions among the Administration, Congress and other stakeholders
- 10-year program of work that:
 - Sites, designs, licenses, constructs and begins operations of a pilot interim storage facility
 - Advances toward the siting and licensing of a larger interim storage facility
 - Makes demonstrable progress on the siting and characterization of geologic repository sites



Key Strategy Elements





Implementation: Interim Storage Facilities

Nuclear Energy

Facilities sited using consent-based process and licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Pilot-scale interim storage facility

- Focused on servicing shutdown reactors
- Operational in 2021

Consolidated interim storage facility

- Larger capacity to provide system flexibility
- Operational in 2025

Facilities could service environmental cleanup and defense sites



Implementation: Geologic Disposal and Transportation

Nuclear Energy

Geologic Repository

- Sited using consent-based process by 2026
- Designed and licensed by 2042
- Operational in 2048

Transportation

- Build on experience in industry and with WIPP
- Capability to service facilities safely and securely
- Ongoing planning activities provide foundation for implementation

One of each facility for now, possible additions based on consent-based process



Implementation: Consent-based Process and New Organization

Nuclear Energy

Consent-based process

- Host jurisdictions to be recognized as partners
- Consent required at multiple levels
- Public trust and confidence necessary for success
- Defining process and terms is critical initial step

New Organization

- Multiple workable models
- RAND study looked at independent government agency and government corporation models
- Critical attributes: accountable, autonomous, mission-oriented, stable
- No specific model endorsed at this time

Choosing a New Organization for Management and Disposition of Commercial and Defense High-Level Radioactive Materials





Implementation: Funding

Nuclear Energy

Ongoing appropriations

- Ongoing role for Appropriations Committees with funds from the General Fund
- Could fund specific activities e.g., management, personnel, regulatory development activities
- Could meet obligation to fund disposal of government UNF and HLW

Reclassification of fee income or spending

- Needed to support:
 - interim storage facility development and operations
 - repository siting and licensing
- Could move fee income to discretionary or move spending to mandatory
- Annual amounts limited by incoming fees (~\$750M/year)

Access to "corpus" of the Nuclear Waste Fund

- Needed for construction of repository
- Could be tied to specific milestones or performance triggers



Conclusion: Legislation Needed for Implementation

- Active engagement in a broad, national, consent-based process to site storage and disposal facilities
- Siting, design, licensing, and commencement of operations at a pilotscale storage facility
- Significant progress on siting and licensing of a larger consolidated interim storage facility
- Development of transportation capabilities to begin movement of fuel from shut-down reactors
- Reformation of the funding arrangements
- Establishment of a new organization to run this program



Backup



Nuclear Fuel Storage and Transportation Planning Project: Transportation Activities

Nuclear Energy

Objective:

Ensure the implementation of a staged, adaptive, collaborative transportation process for UNF and HLW

- Prepare planning report for shipping stranded fuel from shutdown sites to a consolidated interim storage facility
- Publish revised NWPA 180(c) policy regarding financial and technical assistance to states along transportation routes for SNF
- Develop communication products
- Develop draft National Transportation Plan
- Identify preliminary routes for shipments from shutdown sites







Nuclear Fuel Storage and Transportation Planning Project: Storage Activities

Nuclear Energy

Objective:

Begin laying the ground work for implementing consolidated storage

- Build on previous DOE work and industry storage licensing efforts
 - Evaluation of design concepts for consolidated storage
 - Conduct system analyses on operational strategies
 - Develop communication packages which describe various attributes of a consolidated storage facility for use in interaction with potential host communities
- Initiate development of consent-based siting process
- Evaluate system benefits of standardized packaging





