WNA Statement

Towards Greater Efficiency in the Management of Low-Level Radioactive Material that Concurrently Supports Reuse, Recycling and Disposal

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WNA as the Trade Association of Nuclear

WNA is the trade association of the global nuclear industry with a worldwide membership

- Based in London, UK
- Website: http://www.world-nuclear.org
- Global nuclear news: http://www.world-nuclear-news.org
- See in Annex for more info

WNA Membership

Through its membership, WNA is unique, global and truly representative. It involves all enterprises of the industry

- Over 180 industry enterprises from over 30 countries
- Over 90% of world uranium production and nuclear power generation



WNA Four Pillars of International Support



Simply imagine how any serious industry can exist nowadays without high international visibility

Essential Message... on concurrently supporting Reuse, Recycling and Disposal

Need to converge toward greater efficiency and this requires consistent strategies and approaches

All domestic strategies and approaches may have cross-boundary implications

WNA therefore supports further international standardization and implementation

Building on stronger international support can in turn be (very) helpful at the national level

Background

What is the material that we are talking about?

During operations, low-level radioactive material is routinely generated from normal activities

This normal material was not radioactive in the first place. It became slightly radioactive due to the presence of tiny amounts of radioactivity in the nearby work environment - but isolated from nuclear processes:

e.g. clothes, rags, metal equipment, concrete structures,...

Background

Most of this normal material can be freed from its added radioactivity through survey and simple clean-up

Should this be more widely known, an often negatively charged debate could be substantially depolarized, thus reducing habitual systematic opposition to any Reuse, Recycling and Disposal

In a world committed to greater efficiency and sustainable development, there is no more room for such a log jam...systematic No

In turn, this issue (no reuse and recycling) amplifies the continued reliance on new resources

Meanwhile, continued indecision on disposal is not sustainable either and leads to excessive storage

This inefficiency comes at a high price, not just for the industry but also for society as a whole

For greater efficiency, all 3 options of Reuse, Recycling and Disposal need to be concurrently available

Unfortunately, irrationality continues to prevail in too many countries - even in those with large nuclear programmes

Taking Europe as an example:

Excellence in the implementation of:

- The reuse and recycling of metals
- Disposal of very-low radioactive waste

would, if widely shared between countries, lead to greater efficiency

Any country's choice of locking-in into a single option imposes serious limits on efficiency gains

A pre-condition to success is a solid industrial business case built on a viable level of activity

For reuse and recycling, viability of a processing facility's input and output streams is key:

- Suppliers' volumes and track records
- Buyers' demand volumes

For disposal, capacity is a key factor that definitely plays a key role in defining unit cost

Clarifications on reuse and recycling:

It is mainly about a controlled process with input material and output products that have defined specifications

Narrowing down this case to the notion of 'clearance' falls way short of the complete picture

For all 3 options, disproportionate emphasis is too often put on a series of technical parameters

This tends to mask the viability or not of the overall industrial business case: e.g.

- Newly built recycling facilities facing a too small market
- Disposal site with insufficient capacity...upfront

Another key factor to success is to maintain a high degree of trust and confidence in the business case... via responsible operators and regulators

Conclusion

The status quo on the Reuse, Recycling and Disposal of low-level radioactive material is clearly untenable:

 i.e. Too many countries have no option or rely on a single option

International and national leaders from both industry and governments should enable the concurrent availability of the 3 options in each country, worldwide

Conclusion

Whenever the option considered is supported by a solid industrial business case, operators and regulators can (and must) concurrently deploy and operate safe Reuse, Recycling and Disposal

WNA entirely supports this more flexible approach and it has the firm conviction that the exclusive commitment to a single option cannot be sound on any grounds

Conclusion

We know that we are in for the long ride with campaigning required all along

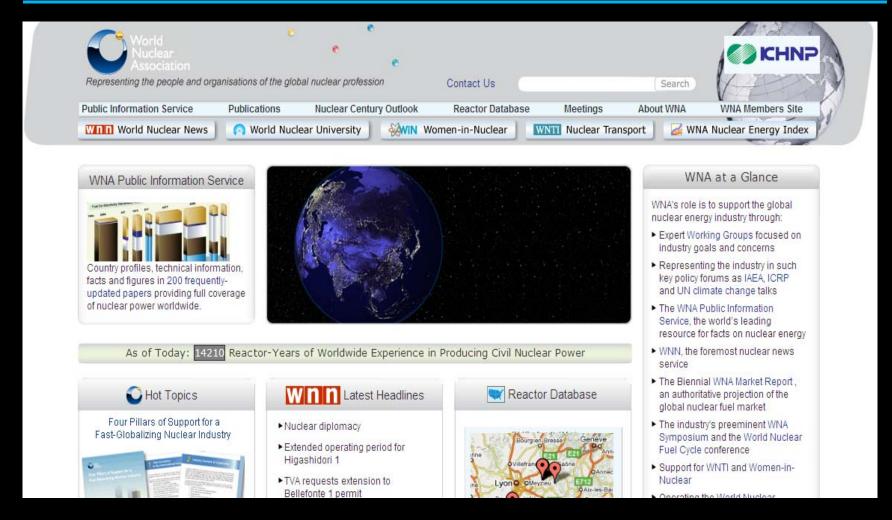
We are happy to cooperate with all players with a view to achieve the concurrent availability of Reuse, Recycling and Disposal in each country, worldwide

Questions?

Thank you for your attention saintpierre@world-nuclear.org

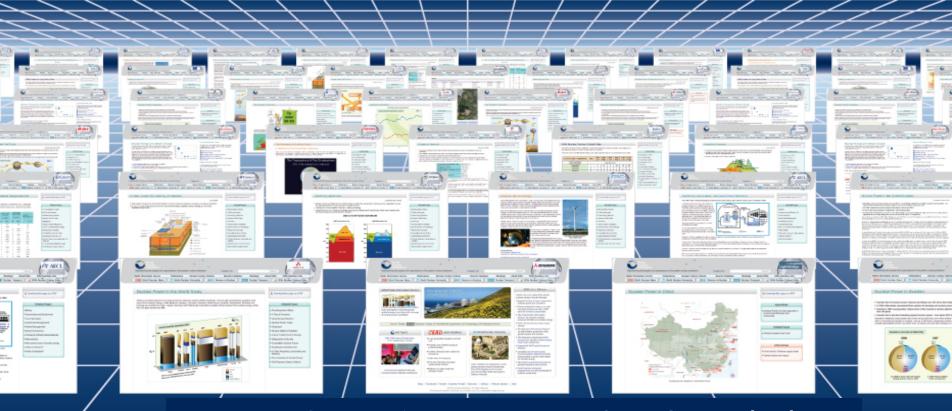
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WNA's Website - The primary worldwide source of comprehensive info on nuclear energy (1 hit/5 seconds!)



http://www.world-nuclear.org/

WNA Website - A wealth of info on nuclear



- 130 Information Papers updated regularly
- A 'hit' every 5 seconds round the clock
- Used equally by public and industry

WNA's World Nuclear News (WNN) - Which provides (free of charge) daily global nuclear news

