The Tank Farms at Hanford: An Update of Challenges and Accomplishments

The Hanford Site is the world's largest environmental cleanup project.

CH2M HILL's mission at Hanford is to safely store and manage 53 million gallons of liquid radioactive and hazardous waste stored in 171 underground tanks, with 6 tanks having been retrieved.

Our first-of-a-kind waste retrieval experience is providing essential technical support for closure pathways and other tank-cleanup decisions.

The Problem: Safety Prevented Work from Getting Done

- Safety Record Worst in the Complex
- Work Stoppage
- Grievances
- Vapors Concerns
 - All Work on SCBA
- GAP Report: Knowing Endangerment
- Enforcement Actions
- DOE Performance Letters
- Inadequate Work Planning
- Poor Company Worker Relationship

The New Hork Eimes Health Lack of Safety Is Charged in Nuclear Site Cleanup By SARAH KERSHAW AND MATTHEW L WALD Published: February 21, 2004 Hom RICH_4 For almost half a century, the hulking factories across a vast nuclear Who nr, reservation here churned out the plutonium for most of the nation's nuclear weapons stockpile, including the bomb used on Nagasaki. Lewis, a) But in the last several years, with the cold war long over, the shuttered $undergr_{\ell}$ silence of the nine nuclear reactors on this 586-square-mile site has been churned | followed by one of the worlds largest cleanups, costing \$2 billion a year. level nuci Hanford w An army of workers numbering more than 11,000 faces the staggering cleanup task at the Hanford complex in the high desert of southeastern Washington, a project made more daunting dual with an accelerated timetable that slashed cleanup projections to 55 years from 70. The quicker W. pace has led to charges among some doctors, experts and lawmakers that speed has taken The priority over worker health and safety. And some warn that, in its dormancy, the vast wasteland Wa may pose even more danger to the cleanup workers than it did to those who built the nation's Wa Safety there when the complex was in full operation sample Citer conducted in . collected hours after a vapor exposure had occurred. inclu Tank workers were punished or even fired for raising safety concerns, he report stated, and had a difficult time getting air-filtering respirators from their employer. When they did get respirators, the batteries were sometimes dead. <u>mine</u>d could cause

Only One Tank Retrieved During 2000-2004: Tank C-106



Building a Strong Foundation of Safety

	1st Qtr CY 05	2nd Qtr CY 05	3rd Qtr CY 05	4th Qtr CY 05	1st Qtr CY 06	2nd Qtr CY 06	3rd Qtr CY 06	4th CY 06
Total Recordable Case Rate	4.35	4.27	3.78	3.43	2.91	1.72	1.41	1.26
Days Away, Restricted, or Transferred (DART) Case Rate	2.86	3.10	2.82	2.59	1.77	0.62	0.25	0.25
Lost Workday Case Rate	1.25	1.40	1.32	1.36	0.92	0.39	0.25	0.25

12 Month Rolling Average Case Rates Data as of December 31, 2006

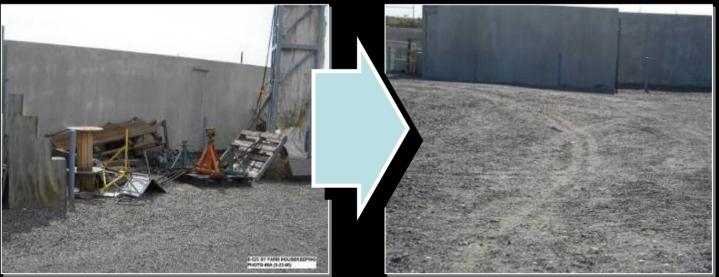
Results Speak for Themselves

Building a Strong Foundation of Safety What Made the Difference?

- Focused management attention on the importance of safety
 - Notification
 - Management training
 - Housekeeping

SY Farm Wall *BEFORE*

SY Farm Wall AFTER



CHG0611-04h.5 (Spears WM)

Building a Strong Foundation of Safety What Made the Difference?

- Employee Involvement
 - Employee Accident Prevention Councils
 - Increased bargaining unit safety representatives from 5 to 7
 - Voluntary Protection Program
 - Two organizations have received STAR status
 - Two organizations are on their way to receiving STAR status
- Programmatic Initiatives
 - ISMS/Work Control
 - Human Performance Improvement
 - Ergonomics



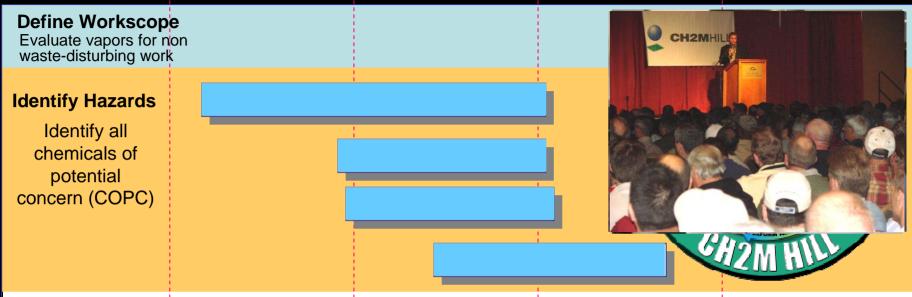
Building a Strong Foundation of Safety Vapor Resolution

- Vapor control implementation
 - Implemented revised controls during quiescent conditions in October 2006
 - Implemented revised controls during waste retrieval/transfers in December 2006
 - Workers continue to have option of wearing supplied air respirators

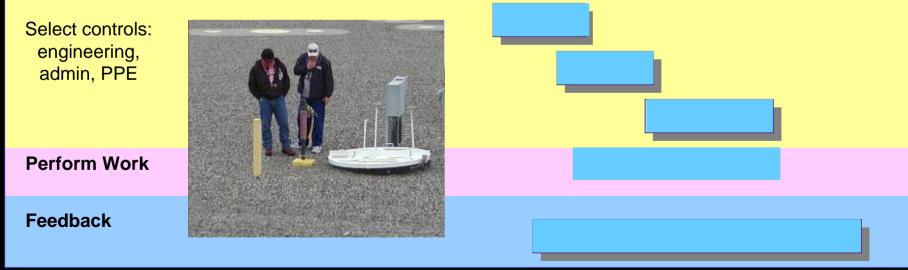




Communication and Worker Participation



Hazard Control Tank Farm work performed in supplied air until farm/task characterized



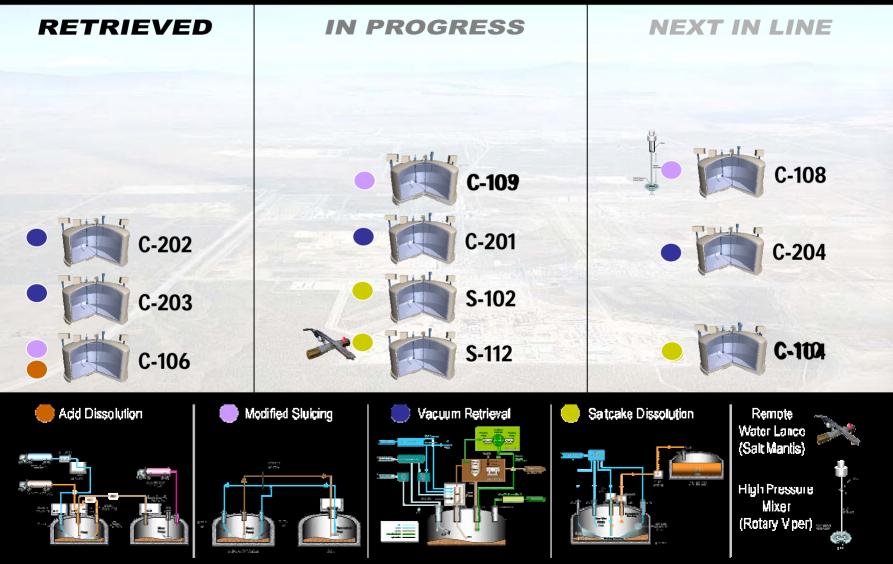
2004







The Results: Work is Getting Done *Safely*



Retrieval Cost By Tank



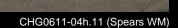
The Results: Work is Getting Done *Safely*

- 3 million curies of waste transferred to safer tanks
- 1 million gallons of waste cross-site transferred
- 28 double-shell tanks verified safe for waste storage
- 35 pits upgraded
- IDF constructed \$9 million under budget

- 14 miles of new transfer lines
- 6,600 feet of new transfer lines to the WTP installed
- 13 noncompliant cleanout boxes removed
- Over a dozen technologies explored and advanced
- Vadose Zone Characterization











Salt Mantis



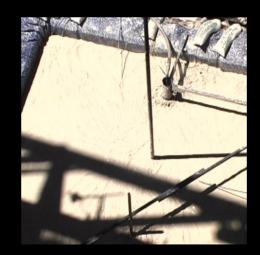








Fold Track





Rotary Viper





Off-Riser Sampler

Bulk Vitrification: Supplemental Treatment Technology

- Conducted two full-scale test melts
- Completed design of Bulk Vitrification Pilot Plant
 - Design was independently reviewed by team of experts
- Integrated waste dryer and melter testing to come

Upcoming Challenges

- Continue to improve safety and performance
- Continue SST retrievals
- Manage DST space integrity and equipment
 - Optimize evaporator runs
- Continue testing new technologies
- Demonstrate Bulk Vitrification tank waste immobilization technology
 - Complete Bulk Vitrification dryer/melter testing